Fayoum University

Faculty of Engineering

Engineering Math. & Physics Department



Engineering Chemistry preparatory year Time: 3 hrs

Final Exam (January, 2016)

أجب عن جميع الأسئلة بالقلم الجاف

الامتحان من ورقتين (٤ صفحات) ستة أسئلة

## Question no. 1: (10 marks)

Tank A containing 90% nitrogen is mixed with tank B containing 30% nitrogen to get tank C containing 65% nitrogen. You are asked to determine the ratio of the gas used from tank A to that used from tank B.

## Question no. 2: (15 marks)

Butane is burned with air. No carbon monoxide is present in the combustion products. Calculate the molar composition of the product gas for each of the following cases:

- a) Theoretical air supplied, 100% conversion of butane.
- b) 20% excess air, 100% conversion of butane.
- c) 20% excess air, 90% conversion of butane.

### Question no. 3: (10 marks)

- A) Calculate the value of the gas law constant R in the following sets of units:
  - a) atm cm<sup>3</sup>/(gmol)(K)
  - b) J/(gmol)(K)

(note that;  $1atm = 1.01325*10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ )

- B) Calculate the average molecular weight of air from its approximate molar composition of  $N_2\ \&\ O_2.$
- C) 4.38 Liter sample of gas under a pressure of 3.25 atm was pressurized under the same temperature to a new pressure of 10.9 atm. Calculate the new volume of this sample of gas in Liters.

باقى الأسئلة في الورقة الثانية

# أجب عن الأسئلة الآتية في نفس الورقة وأرفقها مع كراسة الإجابة

## Question no. 4: (10 marks)

- A. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false:
- 1) Differential aeration leads to the formation of a corrosion cell upon an isolated metal or alloy.
- 2) The theoretical air required to burn a given quantity of fuel does not depend on how much is actually burned.
- 3) The electrode of an electrolytic cell at which oxidation is the principal reaction called anode.
- 4) The percent excess air will be the same as the percent excess oxygen in combustion by oxygen.
- 5) You can define the limits of the system by drawing the system boundary.
- 6) Distillation is a physical process, in which there is no chemical reactions occur.
- 7) Raw water quality varies with the source.
- 8) Water softening can be achieved by ion exchange process.
- 9) The most famous and widely used equation that relates p, V, n, and T for a gas is the ideal gas law.
- 10) Steady state means that there is no process variables change with time.

#### Question no. 5: (5 marks)

Write the missing values on the following diagram.

