



البحث السادس

(2018). Et fermentat	d El-Mola, N.E. El-Bordeny, H.H. Azzaz and Hoda El Zahar ffect of some aromatic plants by products on the in vitro rumen ion and buffalo's milk production in early lactation. <i>Egyptian</i> <i>Nutrition and Feeds, 21(3):491-499</i>	البحث السادس
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Title	Effect of some aromatic plants by products on the fermentation and buffalo's milk production in early lactat A.M. Abd El-Mola ¹ , N.E. El-Bordeny ² , H.H. Azzaz ³ and H	ion. Ioda El Zahar

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Journal Egyptian Journal Nutrition and Feeds, 21(3):491-499

ABSTRACT

Objectives: Evaluate impact of the marjoram and parsley by-products on rumen fermentation characteristics (in vitro) and the productive performance of early lactating buffaloes (in vivo) are the main objectives of this study. Materials and methods: Two in vitro experiments were conducted to evaluate the effect of partial and full substitution of control ration's rice straw by marjoram and parsley by-products on rumen fermentation characteristics. In the *in vivo* study; fifteen lactating buffaloes after 2 weeks of calving were randomly assigned into three groups using complete random design. Buffaloes were fed dry matter according to 3% of their body weight for 60 days. The first animal's group was fed on the control ration (60% CFM and 40% rice straw). The second group was fed 60% CFM and 40% parsley by-products (CP100), while the third group was fed 60% CFM and 40% marjoram by-products (CM100). Results: The full replacement of rice straw by marjoram (CM100) and parsley (CP100) by-products led to 1) significant (P < 0.05) increase in in vitro degradability (%) of ration's DM, OM, NDF and ADF with improve all ruminal basic parameters (e.g. pH, NH₃-N,TVFA,SCFA and total gas production. 2) significant (P<0.05) increase of apparent digestibility of DM, OM, CP and NFE by lactating buffaloes. The buffaloes fed (CP100) ration had higher (p<0.05) blood plasma protein, albumin and globulin with higher (p<0.05) milk and 4% fat corrected milk (FCM) and all milk component yields. Conclusion: Parsley by-products significantly enhance buffalo's milk production with no harmful effects on their health and we recommend it as roughage source especially in the summer.