



Fayoum University

Faculty of Arts

History Department

**State and Church in Germany
Under The Ottonian Dynasty
(936-1024 A.D.)**

Amaster Thesis in Medieval History

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ABSTRACT

This study

Relations between state and church has taken multiples faces and took an important place in many academic studies, particularly in the medieval period. Although there are many studies on these relationships, however it is often dealt with through a relationship between Charlemagne and church, or during the reign of King Henry IV (1056 - 1105 A.D.), and humiliating of Canossa in 1076 A.D, but this study dealing with those relationships from another perspective, namely the state and the church in Germany during the Ottonian Dynasty (936 - 1024), a period that left out academic studies in spite of their importance.

The kings of the Ottonian family were the Saxon originally, and those Saxons were not affected by the Carolingian traditions. The throne has moved to the Saxon Dynasty by Henry I, Duke of Saxony, German king (919-936 A.D.), this event is a serious turning point in the history of the German nation.

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