



Faculty of Nursing  
Fayoum University

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Multiple choice questions (one mark each)

1. Adenoidectomy:
  - a. Is indicated in Quinzy
  - b. Is indicated in chronic tonsillitis
  - c. Is always done using Laser
  - d. Is done in cases of persistent Secretory otitis media
  
2. There are ..... sinuses in each side of the nose :
  - a. 6
  - b. 4
  - c. 3
  - d. 1
  
3. Tracheostomy :
  - a. Is only done under general anaesthesia
  - b. Is only done as an emergency operation
  - c. Elective surgery is sometimes done
  - d. Is done only under local anaesthesia
  
4. Tonsillectomy is indicated in:
  - a. in children with cleft palate
  - b. in Patients with hemophilia
  - c. in Patients having sleep apnea
  - d. in adults only
  
5. Smell is a sensation carried through which cranial nerve
  - a. 1
  - b. 2
  - c. 7
  - d. 8
  
6. Which structure separates the roof of the nose from the skull base?
  - a. inferior turbinate
  - b. cribriform plate
  - c. middle turbinate
  - d. nasal septum
  
7. Epistaxis is bleeding from
  - a. The ear
  - b. the mouth
  - c. the nose
  - d. the pharynx

8. the most common cause of epistaxis is :

- a. Hemophilia
- b. idiopathic
- c. Iatrogenic
- d. hypertension

9. General causes of epistaxis includes the following **except**

- a. Hypertension
- b. Hemophilia
- c. Liver cell failure
- d. Bronchial Asthma

10. The Larynx is responsible for the following **except** :

- a. Phonation
- b. cough reflex
- c. drainage of Lacrymation
- d. respiration

11. The nasolacrimal duct opens in the :

- a. nose
- b. face
- c. ear
- d. orbit

12. The following are ossicles of the middle ear except

- a. styloid
- b. stapes
- c. malleus
- d. incus

13. The following is a cause of stridor in children **except**:

- a. congenital web
- b. epiglottitis
- c. adenoiditis
- d. laryngomalacia

14. The nose is responsible for the following **except** :

- a. Drainage of lacrymation
- b. respiration
- c. chest fixation
- d. olfaction

15. The nose protects the inspired air by the following **except** :

- a. Sneezing
- b. Bacteriolytic effects of lysosomes
- c. Humidification
- d. Cough reflex

16. Bleeding from little's area is located in

- a. the inferior turbinates
- b. the septum
- c. the middle turbinate
- d. the sphenoid sinus

17. The anterior nasal pack for epistaxis :

- a. must be left for at least 1 week
- b. must not exceed 48 hours
- c. is best made of a large piece of cotton
- d. is contra-indicated in hypertension

18. The following are sometimes done for the management of epistaxis **except**.

- a. posterior nasal pack.
- b. embolization
- c. inferior turbinectomy
- d. maxillary artery ligation

19. During swallowing the larynx protects the airway by

- a. reflex closure of the laryngeal inlet
- b. reflex opening of the laryngeal inlet
- c. reflex closure of the laryngeal outlet
- d. reflex opening of the laryngeal outlet

20. Complications of acute tonsillitis include the following **except**:

- a. Acute glomerulonephritis
- b. rheumatic fever
- c. Quinsy
- d. sinusitis

21. Complications of tonsillectomy include

- a. GERD
- b. Quinsy
- c. Hemorrhage
- d. rheumatic fever

22. Tracheostomy is a:

- a. surgical opening at the anterior end of the trachea
- b. surgical opening at the medial end of the trachea
- c. surgical opening in the supraglottic region
- d. none of the above

23. Tracheostomy is done for the following **except** :

- a. to secure airway
- b. increase the dead space
- c. avoid aspiration
- d. avoid prolonged intubation

24. Delayed complication of tracheostomy includes:

- a. Apnea
- b. Pneumothorax
- c. subglottic stenosis
- d. emphysema

25. Secondary bleeding occurs typically within :

- a. 7-10 day
- b. 7-10 weeks
- c. 7-10 hours
- d. 7-10 months