

Answer the following questions:

1. a) Verify that the equation is hyperbolic then find a change of coordinates that reduce it to canonical form:

$$u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} - 8u_{yy} + u_x + 5 = 0$$

- b) Obtain the general solution of the equation:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

- c) Find Laplace Transform of the functions:

i) $e^{-t}(1 - H(t-2))$

ii) $\frac{1+2t}{\sqrt{t}}$

iii) $t \sinh \frac{t}{2}$

2. a) Find the general solution of the problem:

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} = h(x, t), \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$
$$u(x, 0) = f(x), \quad u_t(x, 0) = g(x), \quad t > 0$$

- b) Use Laplace Transform to solve the problem:

$$y'' + 4y' + 13y = e^{-t} \sin t, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0$$

3. a) Find:

i) $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2 + s - 2}{s(s+3)(s-2)}\right]$

ii) $L^{-1}\left[\frac{e^{-s}}{(s-2)(s+3)}\right]$

- b) Solve the problem:

$$u_{tt} - 25u_{xx} = 0, \quad 0 < x < \infty, \quad t > 0$$
$$u(x, 0) = \cos x, \quad u_t(x, 0) = x, \quad u(0, t) = 0$$

- c) Transform the problem:

$$u_{tt} - u_{xx} = 6xt, \quad 0 < x < 1$$
$$u(x, 0) = x^2, \quad u_t(x, 0) = 2x, \quad u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(1, t) = t^3$$

To a new problem with zero equation and boundary conditions, then find the solution.

Good Luck