السلوك التوافقي لدي الأطفال الذاتويين المدمجين وغير المدمجين برياض الأطفال

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ملخص الدراسة

1-وجود فروق ذات دلالة إحصائية عند مستوي ١٠,٠ بين متوسطي درجات الأطفال الذاتويين المدمجين وغير المدمجين برياض الاطفال علي مقياس السلوك التوافقي وجاءت الفروق في إتجاه عينة الأطفال الذاتويين المدمجين برياض الأطفال من الجنسين في كل من السلوك الاستقلالي، النشاط الاقتصادي، ارتقاء اللغة، التوجه الذاتي، التنشئة الاجتماعية.

٢-وجود فروق ذات دلالة إحصائية عند مستوي ٠,٠١ بين متوسط درجات الذكور ومتوسط درجات الأطفال على مقياس المسلوك الإناث من الأطفال الذاتويين المدمجين برياض الأطفال على مقياس السلوك التوافقي وجاءت الفروق في اتجاه عينة الإناث في كل من السلوك الاستقلالي، النشاط الاقتصادي، ارتقاء اللغة، والأنشطة المنزلية.

٣-عدم وجود فروق ذات دلالة إحصائية بين متوسط درجات الذكور ومتوسط درجات الإناث من غير المدمجين برياض الأطفال على مقياس السلوك التوافقي

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The Adaptive Behavior of the Autistic Children, Joined and Non-joined, in Kindergartens

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Abstract:

Objectives This study aimed to discover the difference in the adaptive behavior between the (male and female) autistic children (joined and non-joined) in kindergartens. **Method & Procedures**: The sample of the study, intentionally chosen, consists of 40 autistic children (20 males) the average of - their ages with variance 5.1, ± (1.35) the average of their intelligence 61.8± 3.41 and (20 females) the average of - their ages with variance (5) ± 1.27 the average of their intelligence 62.2± 3.24 The autistic were discovered by using The List of The Autistic Kindergarten childrens' Characteristics, prepared by the researcher, after being sure of its psychometric validity to apply on the sample. The Adaptive Behavior Scale, designed by Kazonhera, Ray Foster, Max and Henry, prepared, translated and codified by Safwat Farag and Nahed Ramzy (2005, 6th Edition), was applied on the sample after calculating the psychometric indicators which are appropriate for the study sample.

The study results are the following:

1. There is a statistical significant difference at (0.01) between means of scores obtained the autistic

children (joined and non-joined) in kindergartens according to The Adaptive Behavior Scale. The differences refer to the sample of the autistic children (of both sexes) joined in kindergartens, regarding independent behavior, economic activity, language development, self-directing and socialization.

- 2. There is a statistical significant difference at (0.01) between means of scores obtained by males and females of autistic children joined in kindergartens according to The Adaptive Behaviour Scale. The differences refer to the sample of the female children, regarding independent behavior, economic activity, language development, and household activities.
- There are no statistical significant differences between means of scores obtained by males and females of autistic children non-joined in kindergartens according to The Adaptive Behavior Scale.