



امتحان مادة اللغة الإنجليزية - الفرقة الثانية - الامتحان في صفحتين

**I-Comprehension:** Read the following *two passages*, then answer the questions:

**1. Psychology**

One of the leading schools of psychological thought in the twentieth century is behaviourism- the belief that the role of the psychologist is to study behaviour, which is observable, rather than conscious or unconscious thought, which is not. Probably the best known proponent of behaviourism is Skinner, who is well-known for his research on how rewards and punishments influence behaviour. He came to believe that positive reinforcements such as praise, food, or money were more effective in prompting good behaviour than negative reinforcement, or punishment.

**I. Questions:**

1. In "behaviourism", a psychologist is concerned with
- conscious thought pattern
  - unconscious thought pattern
  - observable actions
  - unobservable actions

2. What is "positive reinforcement" in line 7?
- A gift
  - A reward
  - A bribe
  - A penalty

3. What is "negative reinforcement" in line 9?
- A promotion
  - A reward
  - A surprise
  - A punishment

**2. Fears of Children**

Parents teach their children to be fearful and cautious of specific dangers, such as fire or crossing the road. Anxiety can be useful, because it helps protect the child from harm. However, children can be fearful of situations or objects that adults don't consider threatening. The sources of fear may change as the child matures; for example, a fear of the dark or monsters under the bed may give way to fears of burglary or violence. Tactics that don't work include teasing the child for being afraid, or compelling them to confront fearful situations. Helping the child to deal with fear includes taking their feelings seriously, encouraging them to talk about their anxieties, telling them the facts, and giving them the opportunity to confront their fears at their own pace and with your support.

### Questions

1. It is stated in the article that ----.

- A) parents should not teach their children to be cautious of specific dangers
- B) the best way to avoid fears during childhood is to ignore them
- C) every single child has a fear of burglary and violence
- D) making fun of the child's fears is the best way to get rid of them
- E) the fears of the childhood can lead to some other fears in the adulthood

2. It is clear from the passage that forcing the child to face his fears directly ----.

- A) works when the child isn't eager to talk about his fears
- B) helps the child to learn the facts and realities
- C) may protect him from some certain dangers
- D) can be useful with some trivial fears
- E) is not a good way to follow

3. It can be understood from the article that adults ----.

- A) prefer to cope with difficult situations at their own pace
- B) should talk to the child about his fears in an open and honest way
- C) may have same fears but may not be aware of them
- D) do not want to talk about their own fears unlike children
- E) are much more vulnerable to fearful situations than children

### II. Do as shown between brackets

- 1. He sent the letter yesterday. (Ask a question)
- 2. She usually (take) a taxi to work. (Correct)
- 3. (An- The-No article) Egypt is the gift of (a-the-no article) Nile. (Choose)
- 4. They will arrive tomorrow. (Negative)

### III. Complete the following poem:

Good Night  
.....

### IV. Writing Write a paragraph on **ONLY ONE** of the following:

- 1. The computer
- 2. Reading

### V. Translation Translate **ONLY ONE** of the following into Arabic:

#### **How to Discipline Children's Behaviour**

A book has just been published to help parents to deal with their children's naughty behaviour at home. The author, Dr James Bruno, says that the first positive discipline technique is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents don't get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behaviour in an effective way.

Good Luck! Dr. Ahmad M. Abdel Salam