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| Research Title | The Islamic Conquest for Fayoum (٦٤٠-٦٤١ A.D/ ١٩-٢٠ A.H.). |
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| Abstract | <p>Old and modern Historians disagreed about the history of Islamic campaign against Fayoum; some of them see that ‘Amr during the siege of the fortress of Babylon sent to the Caliph ‘Umar ibn al-Khattāb asking him to send some reinforcements, and in the meantime and until the arrival of Islamic reinforcements from Ḥidjaz, ‘Amr used that period and sent a group to attack the territory of Fayoum in June, ٦٤٠ A.D./ Jumāda II, ١٩ A.H. But the other group of historians believed that the Muslims have not heard about Fayoum until one year after entering Egyptian territory, and that was after the fall of the Fortress of Babylon, and not during the siege.</p> <p>Thus we have two assumptions about the timing of the Arab conquest of Fayoum: First, it was conquered during the Islamic siege of Babylon Fort until the arrival of supplies, and the second it was conquered after the conquest of Alexandria. We probably add the third assumption, that it was conquered after the fall of the fort, before the march to Alexandria.</p> |
| Keywords | Byzantine History, Coptic History, Egypt, Fayoum, Islamic History, |
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