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Economic and social life in Bukhara since the Islamic conquest until the fall of the Samanid (^7-7^9 AH / V • 0-999 AD)

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ABSTRACT

This study deals with the economic and social life in the city of Bukhara since the Islamic conquest and until the fall of the Samani (^٦-٣٩٨ AH / ٧٠٥-٩٩٩ AD). The study is complemented by the study of the political by the scholars, Astronomy study revolves around the city of Bukhara, which is part of the country beyond the geography of the river - which includes five counties -, Khorasan administratively - and includes four regions - and this means that the study has some thing of privacy.

The study period certain privacy, where the city of Bukhara in need of those who highlight the most important potential, and that when it became the capital of the State Samani, it soon rivaled the Islamic world countries, and that means it was needed for something of privacy to highlight the potential economic, social, and this is what was done by princes State Samani, even since this period has become the focus of attention of the emerging political forces, andtarget seeks to control.

The study was in two doors and includes five chapters; The first section of economic life;

The first chapter:, and importance of agricultural conditions and determinants that influenced them, whether natural or

human, as well as the most important sources, the most important agricultural crops, and agriculture-related grazing and breeding of animals **Chapter II**; propagated the processing, industry and prosperity of the most important factors, then the most important industries in Bukhara, and how the experience of the creators of the accuracy and skill mastery in their industry, which became famous in the countries of Islamic science. **Chapter III**; it is concerned with trade, and the most important factors affecting them, and how it was for Bukhara geographical considerable impact on the prosperity of trade and the richness of its people, and then the conversation turned to the most important internal markets with their many cities and seasons was also the nich markets for the sale of one commodity, then moved to speak about the most important ways in which Bukhara links, including around the cities, whether on the local level or global level,

Part II Social conditions

Chapter I ; study the elements of society and its classes, and how this issue of the harmany of the population in one pot, which has had a significant impact in promoting the conditions of the country. Chapter II ; to display the most important events and celebrations, which were celebrated by the people of Bukhara, the most important customs and traditions that were prevalent in Bukhara, and then and then the chapter was concluded by the most important religious and architectural installations that are still lingering eye witness to the promation of architecture of this country. And then we concluded the study by showing showed the conclusion sum up the findings of the study period.