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Degree doctor..

Title of Thesis POLICIES OF SOCIAL REFORM IN EGYPT

THE OUTCOME AND THE POSITION OF THE EGYPTIAN INTELLECTUAL FIELD STUDY

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ABSTRACT

This study

This study focuses on policies of social reform in Egypt, and aims to find out social policies adopted by the state to reform certain sectors as (Education - operation and manpower - support and Social Security) and aims to find out the social outcome of those policies on individuals and how they benefit from them and their effects on their lifestyles through the Egyptian intellectual's vision of those policies as well as to provide a vision for the future of social reform in Egypt in the three sectors (under study).

This study is a descriptive analytical study, it is also considered a critical study. Theis study relied on the scientific method and used the descriptive and alytical method. And the study combined methods of analysis of quantitative and qulitative through data collection tools (questionnaie) as applied to a sample of Egyptian intellectuals and according to certain indicators to identify those intellectuals two hundered-strong questionnaire, as well as (the interview quide) and applied to the number of five. cases of intellectuls and public figures in the community.

The study found a number of results including:

The study confirmed the failure of current policies to provide a clear vision through the stages of a specific time for improvements or broad lines of social reform in the three study issues (education - employment and labor - Support and Social Security).

The study confirmed the failure of the current and that individuals did not get benefit in the three cases (under study). It revealed the worsening of these issues and many crises afflicting the Egyptian citizen and multiplicity and the deterioration of living conditions in the light of the collapse of the security and economic decline and chaos in politics and mass media.

The study confirmed the decline in the role and vision Egyptian intellectual concerning those various policies and confined to view the problems faced by citizens in all three cases (under study). She/He expressed their opinion through a written claim. A decline in the role of active participation and contribution with civil society organizations a cooperation with honorable businessmen to reduce those problems afflicting the Egyptian citizen was witnessed.