



البحث الأول

عنوان البحث باللغة الأنجيليزية:

Early versus interval Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy for Treatment of Non complicated Acute Calcular Cholecystitis

الملخص باللغة الإنجليزية: The aim of the study is to compare between patients with uncomplicated acute calcular cholecystitis treated with early laparoscopic cholecystectomy (LC) (within 72 hours) versus interval laparoscopic cholecystectomy (After 6 weeks of Conservative treatment) regarding primary and secondary outcomes. From this study, we conclude that early LC is feasible and safe, and interval LC is not associated with a lower conversion rate. In group A, there is a significantly high rate of infection, with longer hospital stay in diabetics, and in group B as well, the bike leak and rate of conversion are high, with longer hospital stay in diabetics.